

Inductive Conductivity/ Concentration and Temperature Transmitter



measuring

monitoring

analysing

LCI









compact version LCI-K...K

- Compact or separate version
- Activation of up to four measuring ranges (up to 2000 mS/cm)
- Concentration measurement of a freely definable curve
- Graphics LC-display
- Fast-response temperature sensor for temperature compensation
- Different operator languages
- User-friendly programming and plant documentation by using the setup program



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Description

The device LCI is used for the measurement and control of the conductivity and respectively for concentrations of liquid media. The integrated temperature measurement makes exact and fast temperature compensation (linear and non-linear) possible, which is particularly important for the measurement of the conductivity. Additional functions such as the combined switching of the measurement range and temperature coefficient make possible the optimum use in case of CIP-processes.

Two integrated switching outputs can be freely programmed for limit value monitoring or conductivity/concentration and/ or temperature. In addition, alarm and control tasks (desalination) can be assigned.

Operation is either via a membrane keyboard and a plain text graphical display (user language can be changed) or via a comfortable PC-setup programme. By simply turning the housing cover, reading the display is possible both in case of installation in vertical or horizontal pipes. By means of the setup program, the device configuration data can also be saved and printed for plant documentation purposes.

The housing is specially produced out of stainless steel for use in the foodstuffs industry. The LCI can be supplied as a compact device (transmitter and measuring cell in one device) or as a remote version (transmitter and measuring cell connected by cables). The remote version is particularly suitable for plants with intense vibrations and/or intense temperature radiation at the measurement location or for installation in inaccessible places.

Applications

It is particularly recommended for use in media where severe deposits of dirt, oil, grease or gypsum/lime precipitates are to be expected.

- Food, beverage and pharmaceutical industries
- Product separation in the beverage industry, breweries and dairies
- Bottle cleaning plants
- Concentration control in electroplating and chemical processing plants
- CIP-systems
- Water and wastewater engineering
- Dosing of chemicals
- Leakage indication in heating and cooling plant and so on

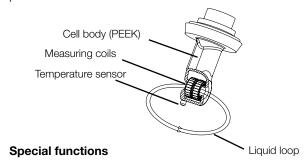
Functional Description

The inductive measurement method permits largely maintenance-free acquisition of the specific conductivity, even in the toughest media conditions. As opposed to the conductive measurement method, problems such as electrode decomposition and polarization do not occur.

Conductivity is measured by using an inductive probe. A sinusoidal a.c. voltage feeds the transmitting coil. Depending on the conductivity of the liquid to be measured, a current is induced in the receiver coil. This current is proportional to the conductivity of the medium.

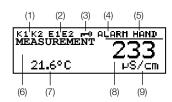
Measuring Cell

The measuring cell consists of a hermetically sealed body inside which the two measurement coils are arranged. A bore in the measuring cell enables the medium to flow through. The measurement principle entails an inevitable electrical isolation between the sample medium and the signal output. The measuring cell is largely unaffected by temperature and pressure variations.



- The learning function for the temperature coefficient enables exact measurement of media with a nonlinear characteristic. During a temperature change, the instrument "learns" the temperature coefficient of the present medium and stores the profile. The stored values then enable the correct indication of the temperature compensated conductivity.
- Individual characteristic for concentration indication. An individual characteristic with 20 interpolation points can be entered through the setup program. This function can be used to generate special characteristics for specific media (e.g. special detergents). This results in correct measurements that contribute to assuring the quality and saving costs.
- For dilution control various processes that find their application in wet cooling towers are stored as sequence control (biocide dosing and subsequent inhibiting of dilution). Detailed information can be found in the operating manual.
- The calibration timer draws your attention to a calibration schedule. This function is activated by entering a number of days, after which recalibration has to be carried out (plant or operator requirement).

Graphic-Display



- (1) Switching output 1 or 2 is active
- (2) Binary input 1 or 2 is operated
- (3) Keypad is inhibited
- (4) Alarm has been activated
- (5) Instrument is in manual mode
- (6) Instrument status
- (7) Temperature of medium
- (8) Conductivity measurement
- (9) Unit of conductivity measurement

Inductive Conductivity/Concentration and Temperature Transmitter Model LCI



Technical Details

Sensor

Material: PEEK (polyetheretherketone),

PVDF (polyvinylidenefluoride)

Pressure: max. 10 bar

Medium temperature: -10...+120°C (briefly +140°C)

A/D-Converter

Resolution: 15 Bit

Sampling time: 500 ms = 2 measurements/s Power supply: 19...31 V_{DC} (nominal 24 V_{DC}),

protection

Ripple: <5%

Power drawn with

display: ≤3 W

Breaking capacity of the

semiconductor relay: $U < 50 V_{AC/DC}$, $I \le 200 \text{ mA}$

Electrical connection: threaded plug terminals 2.5 mm²

or M12-plug/sockets

Display: graphic-LCD with background

lighting; contrast adjustable

Dimensions: 62 x 23 mm

Permissible ambient

temp. (transmitter): +5...+50°C, max. 93% rel.

atmospheric humidity, without

thawing

Permissible storage

temp. (transmitter): -10...+75°C

max. 93% rel. atmospheric humidity, without thawing

System protection

(transmitter): IP 67

Housing: stainless steel 1.4305 Weight: approx. 0.3 ... 2.4 kg

Conductivity/Concentration Transmitter

Concentration measurement

(implemented in the device software)

- NaOH (caustic soda): 0...15% or 25...50% by weight

(0...90°C)

- HNO3 (nitric acid): 0...25% or 36...82% by weight

(0...80°C)

- customer-specific concentration curve, freely

programmable through the setup programme (see "special

functions")

Calibration timer: adjustable: 0...999 days (0 = off)

Output signal for conductivity and

concentration: 0...10 V or 10...0 V

2...10 V or 10...2 V 0...20 mA or 20...0 mA 4...20 mA or 20...4 mA

freely scalable

Load: $\leq 500 \Omega$ for current output

 $2 \text{ k}\Omega$ for voltage output

Ambient temp. error: ≤0.1%/K

Analogue outp. for "Alarm": low (0 mA/0 V/ 3,4 mA /1,4 V)

or high (22.0 mA /0.7 V) or a value with a fixed setting

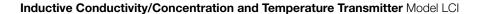
Measuring ranges: four ranges selectable

and switchable

Measurement ranges transmitter	Accuracy [of f.s.]	
0500 μS/cm		
01000 μS/cm		
02000 μS/cm		
05000 μS/cm		
010 mS/cm		
020 mS/cm		
050 mS/cm	≤0.5%	
0100 mS/cm		
0200 mS/cm		
0500 mS/cm		
01000 mS/cm		
02000 mS/cm		
(not temperature-compensated)		

Measurement ranges sensor	Accuracy [of f.s.]	
0500 μS/cm	≤1%	
01000 μS/cm		
02000 μS/cm	≤0.5%	
05000 μS/cm		
010 mS/cm		
020 mS/cm		
050 mS/cm		
0100 mS/cm		
0200 mS/cm		
0500 mS/cm		
01000 mS/cm	≤1%	
02000 mS/cm		
(not temperature-compensated)		

Note: Overall accuracy = accuracy of the transmitter + accuracy of the sensor





Technical Details (continuation)

Temperature transmitter

Temperature acquisition: manually -20.0 ... +25.0 ... +150 °C

or °F or automatically

Temperature range: -20...+150 °C or °F

Characteristic: linear

Accuracy: ≤0.5% of range

Ambient temperature

error: ≤0.1%/K

Output signal

for temperature: 0...10 V or 10...0 V

2...10 V or 10...2 V 0...20 mA or 20...0 mA 4...20 mA or 20...4 mA

the output signal is freely scalable within the range -20...+200 $^{\circ}\text{C}$

Load: ≤500 Ω for current output

 $\geq 2 \ k\Omega$ voltage output

Analogue output

for »Alarm«: low (0 mA / 0 V / 3.4 mA / 1.4 V)

or a value with a fixed setting or high (22.0 mA / 10.7 V)

Temperature compensation

Reference temperature: 15...30°C adjustable
Temperature coefficient: 0.0...5.5%/K adjustable

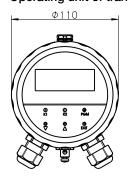
Compensation range: -20...+150°C Function: -linear or

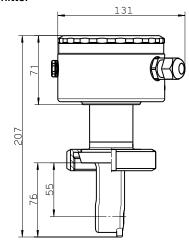
- natural water (EN 27 888) or

 non-linear (learning function, see special functions)

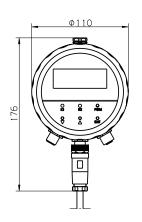
Dimensions [mm]

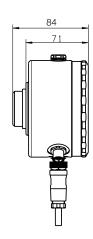
Compact version, electrical connection »K« (Standard) Operating unit of transmitter



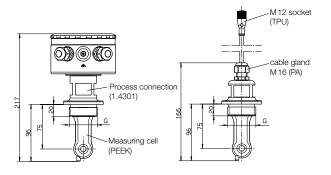


Remote version, electrical connection »M«





Process connections Screw-in thread G 1½ male, G 2 male



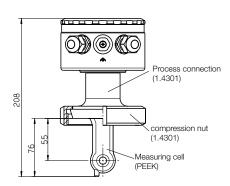
Compact

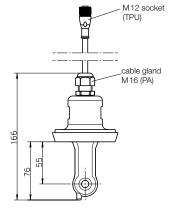
Remote

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Screwed pipe fitting DIN 11851

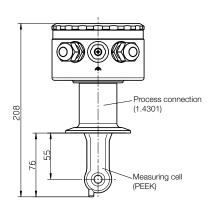


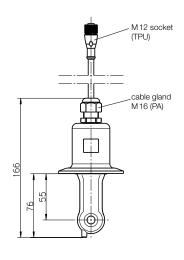


Compact

Remote

Tri-Clamp®

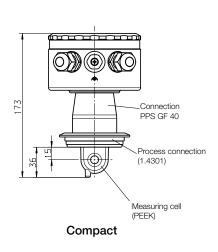


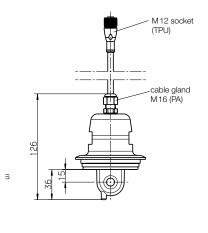


Compact

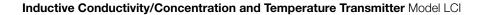
Remote

VARIVENT®





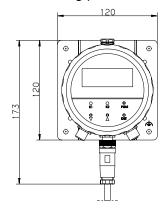
Remote

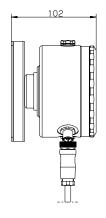


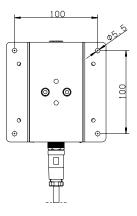


Accessories

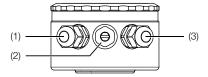
Wall mounting (standard for remote version)





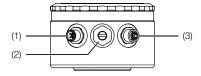


Electrical connection »K« Compact version



- Power supply and actual value output (conductivity/concentration and temperature) M16 cable gland (PA)
- (2) Blanking plug
- (3) Binary input M16 cable gland (PA)

Electrical connection »M« Compact version



(1) Connector I

Power supply and actual value output for conductivity/concentration

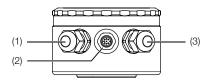
M12 flush-type connector, 5-pin

- (2) Blanking plug
- (3) Connector II

Actual value output for temperature, and binary input and switching outputs

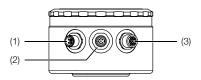
M12 flush-type connector, 8-pin

Remote version



- Power supply and actual value output (conductivity/concentration and temperature) M16 cable gland (PA)
- (2) Separate sensor M12 flush-type connector
- (3) Binary input and switching outputs M16 cable gland (PA)

Remote version



(1) Connector I

Power supply and actual value output for conductivity/concentration

M12 flush-type connector, 5-pin

(2) Connector III

Inductive conductivity sensor M12 flush-type connector, 8-pin

(3) Connector II

Actual value output for temperature, and binary input and switching outputs

M12 flush-type connector, 8-pin

Inductive Conductivity/Concentration and Temperature Transmitter Model LCI



Order Details (Example: LCI-K G40 M PK)

Model	Version	Process connection	Electrical connection	Material measuring cell
	 K = compact version S = remote version (10 m cable length)¹⁾ 	G40 = stud thread G1½ male G50 = stud thread G2 male L50 = screwed pipe connection DN 50 DIN 11851 L65 = screwed pipe connection	 M = M 12 plug/socket (mating plug model LCI-GS be ordered separately) K = 2x cable glands M16 	PK = PEEK
		DN 65 DIN 11851		PF = PVDF ³⁾
		L80 = screwed pipe connection DN 80 DIN 11851		
		T65 = Tri-Clamp® 2 ½"		
		V40 = VARIVENT® DN 40/50 ²⁾		PK = PEEK

¹⁾Special lengths up to 30 m (in 10 m steps) on request ²⁾Only possible with PEEK ³⁾On request

Accessories

	T					
LCI-GS	1 set of plug and socket connection necessary for option M					
LCI-RM	kit for pipe mounting for 3050mm pipe Ø	03050mm				
LCI-SOFT	PC setup software for LCI					
LCI-INTER	PC interface cable with USB / TTL converter and two adapters (USB connection cable)					